June 2020 Economic and Revenue Forecast

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Economic Outlook



Health Assumptions

- Uncertainty abounds. Our office is translating a public health crisis into an economic and revenue forecast. Two key health assumptions in the baseline:
 - Social distancing policies begin lifting this summer. Phase 1 reopening is just a first step.
 - Health crisis wanes by end of 2021 due to some available treatment or vaccine





It Takes Years to Recover from Severe Recessions

Oregon Recession Comparison



Employment Percent Change from Pre-Recession Peak

- When restrictions lift, strong initial rebound, but incomplete
- Slower growth next year due to uncertainty over virus and income losses
- Once medical treatment widely available, stronger recovery expected
- Economy returns to health by mid-decade

Source: Oregon Employment Department, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis



Permanent Damage & Federal Policy

Oregon Business Dynamics



- Recovery Rebates
 - Nearly \$4b to Oregon households
- Unemployment Insurance
 - Nearly \$7b total given recession and expanded program
- Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)
 - 49,900 small Oregon businesses have been approved for \$6.83b in loans through 5/1/2020



Migration is Pro-cyclical

Oregon Population Growth

70,000 Forecast --> 60,000 50,000 40,000 30,000 20,000 10,000 0 2000 2005 2010 2015 2020 2025

Annual Change in the Total Population

- Near Term: no one is moving during the pandemic
- Medium Term: migration reduced due to recession
- Long Term: Oregon's ability to attract and retain working-age households is expected to remain intact

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Industrial Structure Likely to Change

Structural Changes

Oregon Employment in 2027 in June 2020 Forecast Compared to March 2020 Forecast

-7% -6% -5% -4% -3% -2% -1% 0%



Prof/Biz Serv Leisure & Hosp. Wholesale Transp/Ware/Util Health Care Government Other Services Total Nonfarm Financial Act. Information Private Educ Construction Nat. Resources Manufacturing Retail

- Oregon's long-run trajectory is lower due to the recession
 - Fewer jobs, less income, smaller population
- Largest relative changes expected in goodsproducing industries plus retail

Source: Oregon Office of Economic Analysis



Regional Outlook: Recession Severity and Future Growth

Oregon's Regional Economies Impacted by COVID-19



- Initial impacts largest in tourism-reliant regions
- Future headwinds based on larger reliance on goods-producers, and fewer office-based jobs that are concentrated in metro areas

Impact to Date: Number of initial claims 3/15 - 5/9 above baseline as share of labor force. Industrial Structure: impact of industry mix on job growth through 2027 using statewide industry growth rates. | Source: BLS. Oregon Employment Dept, Oregon Office of Econ Analysis

Revenue Outlook



Mix of Tax Instruments Matters

State Tax Collections: Risk vs Return



- Oregon's reliance on personal and corporate income taxes has made its revenues more volatile than in most states
- This recession may be different given the oversized impact on spending
- Oregon's revenue system has become far more dependent on sales in recent years: (CAT, lodging, gasoline, vehicle privilege, video lottery, marijuana)

Latest Data: 2019q4 | Source: Census, BEA, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis



Oregon revenues have never been more exposed to consumer spending, Part 1

Spending and Income Revised Lower



	Corporate Activity Tax Revenue Changes (\$ million)
2019-21	-\$414.1
2021-23	-\$599.0
2023-25	-\$489.1

Changes from Previous Forecast

Source: Oregon Office of Economic Analysis



Oregon revenues have never been more exposed to consumer spending, Part 2

Lottery Resources and Distributions (\$ billions)



- Lower revenues today due to social distancing
- There is pent-up demand for gaming
- Long-run growth lowered due to smaller economy and less personal income



COVID-19 Messes with Tax Season

Year-End Payments Delayed



Refunds Probably Still on Track

Personal Income Tax Refunds, Cumulative



Latest Data: May 15, 2020 | Source: Oregon Dept of Revenue, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis

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Volatile Income Steams

Oregon Realized Capital Gains



\$ billions, Tax Years, Full-Year Filers

- Income Tax Volatility is led by large swings in business and investment income
- Some weakening of capital gains was expected prior to the market correction
- IHS vendor forecast incorporates fast recoveries for profits and equity markets
- Stock market correction is expected to be less than half as deep and less than half as long as in 2007



Revenue bottom line

General Fund	Biennium (\$ Million)		
Revenues	2019-21	2021-23	2023-25
Personal Income Taxes	-1,588	-3,231	-2,429
Corporate Income Taxes	-233	-137	-118
Other	-108	-152	-140
Total	-1,929	-3,520	-2,687

Other Revenues	Biennium (\$ Million)		
Other Revenues	2019-21	2021-23	2023-25
Lottery	-364	-260	-187
Corporate Activity Tax	-414	-599	-489
Marijuana Tax	9	-5	-18
Total	-769	-864	-694

	Biennium (\$ Million)		
	2019-21	2021-23	2023-25
Total Sum	-2,698	-4,384	-3,381

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Sizable Reserves Will Help Some

Oregon Budgetary Reserves (billions)



Effective Reserves (\$ millions)

	April	End
	2020	2019-21
ESF	\$708	\$800
RDF	\$878	\$949
Reserves	\$1,586	\$1,750
% of GF	8.1%	9.0%

Source: Oregon Office of Economic Analysis



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